BLUETOOTH® 4.0 HEART RATE SENSOR APPLICATION NOTE

Thursday, 23 May 2013

Version 1.4



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VERSION HISTORY

Version	Comment
1.0	First version
1.1	Services added
1.2	Updated BGscript code examples
1.3	Changed broadcast="true" to advertise="true"
1.4	Updated compile and installation instructions

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	In	ntroduction	5
2	Ν	Vhat is <i>Bluetooth</i> low energy technology?	6
3	Н	leart Rate Profile v1.0	7
	3.1	Description	7
	3.2	Service requirements	7
	3.3	Heart Rate Service requirements	8
	3.4	Device Information Service requirements	8
	3.5	Other requirements	8
	3.6	Connection establishment requirement	9
	3.7	Security requirements	10
4	In	mplementing a Heart Rate Sensor	11
	4.1	Creating a project	12
	4.2	Hardware configuration	13
	4.3	Heart Rate Profile GATT database	14
	4.4	Writing BGScript application	19
	4.5	Compiling and installing the firmware	23
5	Т	Festing the Heart Rate Sensor	27
	5.1	Testing with BLEGUI	27
6	D	Debugging Heart Rate sensor code	
7	Α	Appendixes	37
	7.1	Bluegiga's Bluetooth 4.0 single mode stack suite	37
	7.2	Bluetooth 4.0 single mode stack	37
	7.3	BGAPI protocol	38
	7.4	BGLib library	39
	7.5	BGScript [™] scripting language	40
	7.6	Profile toolkit	41
	7.7	External resources	42
8	С	Contact information	43

1 Introduction

This application note discusses how to build *Bluetooth* 4.0 Heart Rate Profile (HRP) sensor using Bluegiga's *Bluetooth* 4.0 software and DKBLE112 hardware development kits. The application note contains a practical example of how to build GATT based Heart Rate Profile and how to make a standalone sensor device using BGScript scripting language.

Notice that this application note only focuses on the Heart Rate Profile sensor implementation, not the Heart Rate Profile Collector implementation.

2 What is *Bluetooth* low energy technology?

Bluetooth low energy (*Bluetooth* 4.0) is a new, open standard developed by the *Bluetooth* SIG. It's targeted to address the needs of new modern wireless applications such as ultra-low power consumption, fast connection times, reliability and security. *Bluetooth* low energy consumes 10-20 times less power and is able to transmit data 50 times quicker than classical *Bluetooth* solutions.

Link: How Bluetooth low energy technology works?

Bluetooth low energy is designed for new emerging applications and markets, but it still embraces the very same benefits we already know from the classical, well established *Bluetooth* technology:

- **Robustness and reliability** The adaptive frequency hopping technology used by *Bluetooth* low energy allows the device to quickly hop within a wide frequency band, not just to reduce interference but also to identify crowded frequencies and avoid them. On addition to broadcasting *Bluetooth* low energy also provides a reliable, connection oriented way of transmitting data.
- **Security** Data privacy and integrity is always a concern is wireless, mission critical applications. Therefore *Bluetooth* low energy technology is designed to incorporate high level of security including authentication, authorization, encryption and man-in-the-middle protection.
- Interoperability *Bluetooth* low energy technology is an open standard maintained and developed by the *Bluetooth* SIG. Strong qualification and interoperability testing processes are included in the development of technology so that wireless device manufacturers can enjoy the benefit of many solution providers and consumers can feel confident that equipment will communicate with other devices regardless of manufacturer.
- **Global availability** Based on the open, license free 2.4GHz frequency band, *Bluetooth* low energy technology can be used in world wide applications.

There are two types of *Bluetooth* 4.0 devices:

- **Bluetooth 4.0 single-mode** devices that only support *Bluetooth* low energy and are optimized for low-power, low-cost and small size solutions.
- **Bluetooth** 4.0 dual-mode devices that support *Bluetooth* low energy and classical *Bluetooth* technologies and are interoperable with all the previously *Bluetooth* specification versions.

Key features of *Bluetooth* low energy wireless technology include:

- Ultra-low peak, average and idle mode power consumption
- Ability to run for years on standard, coin-cell batteries
- Low cost
- Multi-vendor interoperability
- Enhanced range

Bluetooth low energy is also meant for markets and applications, such as:

- <u>Automotive</u>
- <u>Consumer electronics</u>
- Smart energy
- Entertainment
- Home automation
- Security & proximity
- Sports & fitness

3 Heart Rate Profile v1.0

3.1 Description

Heart Rate Profile enables a Heart Rate Collector to connect and exchange data with a Heart Rate Sensor in sports and fitness applications.

Heart Rate Profile defines two roles:

• The Heart Rate Sensor

The Heart Rate Sensor measures the heart rate and exposes it via the Heart Rate Service. The sensor also contains the Device Information Service, which contains information for example about the manufacturer of the device. The Heart Rate Sensor is the GATT server.

• The Heart Rate Collector

The Heart Rate Collector accesses the information exposed by the Heart Rate Sensor and can for example display it to the end user or store it on non-volatile memory for later analysis. The Heart Rate Collector is the GATT client.

The figure below shows the relationship of these two roles.



Figure 1: Heart Rate profile roles

3.2 Service requirements

The table below describes the service requirements.

Service	UUID	Heart Rate Sensor
Heart Rate Service	180A	Mandatory
Device Information Service	180D	Mandatory

Table 1: Service requirements

The Heart Rate Sensor implements one and only one instance of Heart Rate Service.

The Heart Rate Sensor implements one instance of Device Information Service.

3.3 Heart Rate Service requirements

The table below describes the structure and requirements for the Heart Rate Service

Characteristic	UUID	Туре	Support	Security	Properties
Heart rate measurement	2A37	8bit	Mandatory	none	Notify
Body sensor location	2A38	8bit	Optional	none	Read
Heart rate control point	2A39	8bit	Conditional	none	Write

 Table 2: Heart Rate Service structure

3.4 Device Information Service requirements

The table below describes the structure and requirements for the Device Information Service when used in the context of Heart Rate Service.

Characteristic	UUID	Туре	Support	Security	Properties
Manufacturer name string	2A29	UTF-8	Mandatory	none	Read

 Table 3: Device Information Service structure

3.5 Other requirements

The Heart Rate Sensor should include the Heart Rate Service UUID in the advertisement data.

The Heart Rate Sensor should include the device name in the advertisement or scan response data.

The Heart Rate Sensor may support write property for the local name for the device name characteristic so the Collector can write its value.

3.6 Connection establishment requirement

3.6.1 Un-bonded devices

Advertisement duration	Parameter	Value
First 30 seconds	Advertising interval	20ms to 30ms
After 30 seconds	Advertising interval	1000ms to 2500ms

Table 4: Advertising parameters for un-bonded Heart Rate Sensor

- 1. The Heart Rate Sensor shall accept any valid values for connection interval and slave latency set by the Collector until service discovery, bonding and/or encryption have are complete. After this the sensor may request the change of connection parameters.
- 2. If the connection is not established within a time limit, the sensor may exit GAP Connectable mode.
- 3. If bonded the Heart Rate Sensor should write the address of the Collector to the white list and should set the filtering policy so that scan and connection requests are only accepted from devices on the white list.
- 4. When the Heart Rate Sensor no longer senses the heart rate it should terminate the connection for example within 10 or 20 seconds.
- 5. When Heart Rate Sensor is disconnected by the Collector and ready to receive a connection (i.e. senses the heart rate) it should initiate the connection procedure.

3.6.2 Bonded devices

The following produce is uses for bonded devices:

- 1. The Heart Rate Sensor should use GAP General discoverable mode with connectable undirected advertisement events.
- 2. For the first 10 seconds the white list should be used to allow only connections from bonded devices. After 10 seconds the white list should not be used to allow connections from other devices.
- 3. The advertisement parameters should be as in Table 4.
- 4. The Heart Rate Sensor shall accept any valid values for connection interval and slave latency set by the Collector until service discovery, bonding and/or encryption have are complete. After this the sensor may request the change of connection parameters.
- 5. If the connection is not established within a time limit, the sensor may exit GAP Connectable mode.
- 6. When the Heart Rate Sensor no longer senses the heart rate it should terminate the connection for example within 10 or 20 seconds.
- 7. When Heart Rate Sensor is disconnected by the Collector and ready to receive a connection (i.e. senses the heart rate) it should initiate the connection procedure.

3.6.3 Link loss procedure

When connection is terminated due to link loss the sensor should attempt reconnection with the Collector by entering the GAP connectable mode using the recommended parameters from Table 4.

3.7 Security requirements

- 1 The Heart Rate Sensor may bond with the Collector.
- 2 When bonding is not used:
- 2.1 The Heart Rate Sensor should use the *Slave Security Request* procedure to inform the Collector of its security requirements.
- 3 When bonding is used:
- 3.1 The Heart Rate Sensor shall use LE security Mode 1 and either Security Level 2 or 3.
- 3.2 The Heart Rate Sensor shall use the *Slave Security Request* procedure.
- 3.3 All supported characteristics specified by the Heart Rate Service shall be set to Security Mode 1 and either Security Level 2 or 3.

All supported characteristics specified by the Device Information Service should be set to the same security mode and level as the characteristics in the Heart Rate Service.

4 Implementing a Heart Rate Sensor

The chapter contains step by step instructions how to implement a stand-alone Heart Rate Sensor with Bluegiga's Bluetooth 4.0 Software Development Kit. The chapter is split into following steps:

- 1. Creating a project
- 2. Defining hardware configuration
- 3. Building Heart Rate and Device Information Services with Profile Toolkit
- 4. Writing a BGScript code
- 5. Compiling the GATT database and BGScript into a binary firmware
- 6. Installing the firmware into BLE112 or DKBLE112 hardware

The actual project comes as an example with the Bluegiga's Bluetooth low energy Software Development Kit.

Note: This application note is written for firmware version 0.2.0 build 30.

4.1 Creating a project

The Heart Rate Sensor implementation is started by first creating a project file (**project.xml**), which defines the resources use by the project and the firmware output file.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<project>
        <gatt in="HRP.xml" />
        <hardware in="hardware.xml" />
        <script in="hr_sensor.bgs" />
        <image out="HRP_v10.hex" />
</project>
```

Figure 2: Project file

- <gatt> Defines the XML-file containing the GATT database.
- <hardware> Defines the XML-file containing the hardware configuration.
- **<script>** Defines the BGScript-file which contains the BGScript code.
- <image> Defines the output HEX file containing the firmware image.

WARNING:

This example MUST only be installed on BLE112 module or DKBLE112 development kit. The example does not use USB or UART interfaces, so the firmware can be installed only via the debug interface using CC debugger. Installing the example into BLED112 USB dongle will brock the device.

4.2 Hardware configuration

The **hardware.xml** file contains the hardware configuration for BLE112 device. It describes which interfaces and functions are in used and their properties.



Figure 3: Hardware configuration for Heart Rate Sensor

- <sleeposc> Sleep oscillator is enabled to allow the device to enter low power modes like Power mode 3. If this configuration is not used, the BLE112 device will not go to power mode 3. 30 refers to the crystal accuracy used in BLE112. Do not modify the value.
- **<usb>** USB interface is disabled to save power and allow the device to go to low power modes.
- <txpower> TX power is set to +3dBm value. Every step represents 1 dBm change. Range is 15 to 0, corresponding TX power values from +3 dBm to -12 dBm.

This example uses a single ADC to read the heart rate value. DKBL112 development kit contains a potentiometer, which can be read with the ADC.

Typically in a real heart rate sensor a GPIO would be used to indicate the heartbeat and a GPIO pin would be used to detect it. This requires that one GPIO pin is configured as an input.

4.3 Heart Rate Profile GATT database

This section describes how to define the Heart Rate Profile services using Bluegiga's Profile Toolkit.

The Heart Rate Profile contains three services:

- Generic Access Profile (GAP) service
- Device Information Service (DIS)
- Heart Rate Service (HRS)

This example contains a minimum implementation of the above services, so only mandatory characteristics are used. You may also implement the optional characteristics.

4.3.1 Generic Access Profile service

Every *Bluetooth* low energy device needs to implement a GAP service. The GAP service is very simple and consists of only two characteristics. An example implementation of GAP service is show below.

The service has two characteristics, which are explained in Table 5. In this example the characteristics are read-only, so they are also marked as **const**. Constant values are stored on the flash of BLE112 and the value is defined in the GATT database. Constant values cannot be changed.

```
<service uuid="1800">
   <description>Generic Access Profile</description>
   <description>Generic Access Profile</description>
   <description>Generic Access Profile</description>
   <description>
   <description>Generic Access Profile</description>
   <description>
   <description>Generic Access Profile</description>
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```

Figure 4: GAP serv	ice
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Characteristic	UUID	Туре	Support	Security	Properties
Device name	2a00	UTF8	Mandatory	none	Read (optionally write)
Appearance	2A01	16bit	Mandatory	none	Read

Table 5: GAP (UUID: 1800) service description

4.3.2 Heart Rate Service

The Heart Rate Sensor must also implement the Heart Rate Service. The example implementation uses a simplified Heart Rate Service with just the mandatory characteristics, but optionally you may implement the full Hear Rate Service with the optional characteristics also.

Heart Rate Service is described below:

Characteristic	UUID	Туре	Support	Security	Properties
Heart Rate Measurement	2a37	16 bits to 56 bits	Mandatory	none	Notify
Body Sensor location	2a38	8 bit	Optional	none	Read
Heart Rate Control Point	2a39	8 bit	Conditional	none	Write

Table 6: Heart Rate Service (UUID: 180D) description

Hear rate service specification: Hear Rate Service specification: <u>Hear rate service specification</u> Hear Rate service at Bluetooth developer web site: <u>Heart Rate Service</u>

The example implementation of the minimum Heart Rate Service is shown below:

Figure 5: Minimal Heart Rate Service

A few explanations are needed:

- First of all the advertise="true" option is needed for the Hear Rate Service UUID to be broadcasted in the advertisement packets. For example the Apple iPhone 4S is not able to discover devices, if the service UUIDs are not broadcasted.
- The id="xgatt_HRS_2a37" defines the attribute ID, which the BGScript application can use to update the Heart Rate measurement values.
- The length of the Heart Rate measurement is 16-bits in this example. The first 8 bits define the flags for the Heart Rate measurement value and the next 8 bits contain the actual measurement value.
- Body Sensor location and Heart Rate Control Point characteristics are not used in this example as they are not mandatory.

4.3.3 Device Information Service

The third mandatory service the Heart Rate Sensor must implement is the Device Information Service. This service exposes information about the manufacturer of the device and optionally other information about the device, which is for example device model number and software version. The example implementation uses a simplified Device Information Service with just the mandatory characteristics, but optionally you may implement the full Device Information Service with the optional characteristics also.

Device Information Service is described below:

Characteristic	UUID	Туре	Support	Security	Properties
Manufacturer name string	2a29	UTF-8s	Conditional	none	Read
Model number string	2a24	UTF-8s	Conditional	none	Read
Serial number string	2a25	UTF-8s	Conditional	none	Read
Hardware revision string	2a27	UTF-8s	Conditional	none	Read
Firmware revision string	2a26	UTF-8s	Conditional	none	Read
Software revision string	2a28	UTF-8s	Conditional	none	Read
System ID	2a35	uint40 or uint64	Conditional	none	Read
IEEE 11073-20601 Regulatory Certification Data List	2a36	reg-cert-data- list	Conditional	none	Read

Table 7: Device Information Service (UUID: 180A) description

Device Information Service specification: Hear Rate Service specification: <u>Device Information Service</u> <u>specification</u>

Device Information Service at Bluetooth developer web site: <u>Device Information Service</u>

The example implementation of the minimum Device Information Service is shown below:



Figure 6: Minimal Device Information Service

A few explanations are needed:

• The Heart Rate Profile service only mandates that *Manufacturer Name String* characteristic is implemented, but the example also implements the *Model Number String* characteristic.

4.3.4 Summary

The full GATT database implementation is shown below.

```
<configuration>
   <service uuid="1800">
     <description>Generic Access Profile</description>
     <characteristic uuid="2a00">
       <properties read="true" const="true" />
       <value>DKBLE112 heart rate</value>
     </characteristic>
     <characteristic uuid="2a01">
       <properties read="true" const="true" />
       <value type="hex">4142</value>
     </characteristic>
    </service>
   <service uuid="180A">
     <description>Device Information</description>
     <characteristic uuid="2a29">
       <properties read="true" const="true" />
       <value>Bluegiga</value>
       <description>Manufacturer Name String</description>
     </characteristic>
     <characteristic uuid="2a24">
       <properties read="true" const="true" />
       <value>BLE112</value>
       <description>Model Number String</description>
     </characteristic>
    </service>
   <service uuid="180D" advertise="true">
     <description>Heart Rate</description>
       <characteristic uuid="2a37" id="xgatt HRS 2a37">
           <properties notify="true" />
           <value type="hex">1122</value>
           <description>Heart Rate Measurement</description>
       </characteristic>
   </service>
</configuration>
```

Figure 7: Heart Rate Profile GATT database

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4.4 Writing BGScript application

The example implements a standalone Heart Rate Sensor device where no external host processor is needed. The Heart Rate Sensor application is created as a BGScript script application and the BGScript code explained in this chapter.

BGScript uses an event based programming approach. The script is executed when an event takes place, and the programmer may register listeners for various events.

The Heart Rate Sensor BGScript uses the following event listeners:

1. system_boot(...) event listener

When the system is started a boot event is generated and this event listener should be the entry point for all the BGScript applications. In the example above, when the system is started, the unit starts to advertise, enables bonding mode, and starts a timer.

```
# System start/boot listener
event system_boot(major,minor,patch,build,ll_version,protocol,hw)
# Device is not connected yet
connected = 0
# Set advertisement interval to 20 to 30ms. Use all advertisement channels
call gap_set_adv_parameters(32,48,7)
# Start advertisement (generic discoverable, undirected connectable)
call gap_set_mode(2,2)
# Start single shot timer with 30 second interval. Handle ID 1
# 1 second = $8000 (32.768kHz crystal)
call hardware_set_soft_timer($F0000, 1, 1)
end
```

Figure 8: system_boot(...) event listener

2. hardware_soft_timer(...) event listener

When the timer expires this event is generated. In the Heart Rate Sensor example the timers are used to alter the advertising intervals and read HR sensor.

```
event hardware soft timer(handle)
    # 30 second timer expired
    if handle = 1 then
        # No connection
        if connected = 0 then
            # Stop advertisement
            call gap_set_mode(0, 0)
            # Reconfigure advertisement parameters
            # Min interval 1000ms, max interval 2500ms, use all 3 channels
            call gap_set_adv_parameters(1600, 4000, 7)
            # Enabled advertisement
            # Limited discovery, Undirected connectable
            call gap_set_mode(1, 2)
            # Start single shot timer with 30 second interval. Handle ID 2
            # This is used to stop advertisemnts after 60 seconds to save power
            call hardware set_soft_timer($F0000, 2, 1)
        end if
    end if
    # 60 second timer expired
    if handle = 2 then
        # No connection
        if connected = 0 then
            # Stop advertisement. Device will enter Power Mode 3 to save battery
            call gap set mode(0, 0)
        end if
    end if
    # HR timer expired
    if handle = 3 then
        #read DKBLE112 potentiometer, decimation 128, use avdd5 as reference
        call hardware_adc_read(6,1,2)
    end if
end
```

Figure 9: hardware_soft_timer(...) event listener

3. hardware adc result (...) event listener

The ADC read function generates an ADC event, which this event listener captures. The ADC result event is used to read the HR value and write it to GATT database.

Figure 10: hardware_adc_result(...) event listener

4. connection_status (...) event listener

This event takes place when the device is connected. The code changes the connection status parameter and starts the HR measurement timer.

```
# Connection event listener
event connection_status(connection, flags, address, address_type, conn_interval, timeout, latency)
    # End advertisement timers, so HR timer can be started
    call hardware_set_soft_timer(0, 2, 1)
    call hardware_set_soft_timer(0, 1, 1)
    # Device is connected.
    # Set <connected> to true, or otherwise the advertisemnt timers will disconnect the device
    connected = 1
    # Start HR monitoring timer: 1 second interval, ID 3, continuous timer
    call hardware_set_soft_timer($8000, 3, 0)
end
```

Figure 11: connection_status(...) event listener

5. connection disconnected (...) event listener

The last event handler is executed when the *Bluetooth* is lost or closed by the remote device. The event listener restarts the advertisement procedure.

```
# Disconnection event listener
event connection_disconnected(handle, result)
    # End HR timer, so advertisement timer can be restarted
    call hardware_set_soft_timer(0, 3, 0)
    # Connection disconnected, reinitiate connection procedure
    connected = 0
    call gap_set_adv_parameters(32,48,7)
    call gap_set_mode(2,2)
    call hardware_set_soft_timer($F0000, 1, 1)
end
```

Figure 12: connection_disconnected(...) event listener

4.5 Compiling and installing the firmware

4.5.1 Using BLE Update tool

When you want to test your project, you need to compile the hardware settings, the GATT data base and BGScript code into a firmware binary file. The easiest way to do this is with the BLE Update tool that can be used to compile the project and install the firmware to a BLE112 module using a CC debugger.

In order to compile and install the project:

- 1. Connect CC debugger to the PC via USB
- 2. Connect the CC debugger to the debug interface on the BLE112
- 3. Press the button on CC debugger and make sure the led turns green
- 4. Start **BLE Update** tool
- 5. Make sure the CC debugger is shown in the Port drop down list
- 6. Use Browse to locate your project.xml file
- 7. Press Update

BLE Update tool will compile the project and install it into the target device.

(BLE Upda	ate 📃 🗖 🗖
BGBuild	
Port	CC Debugger (2036)
File	ikko\BLE\ble-1.1.0-53\example\cable_replacement\project.bgproj Browse Browse
License key	
	Update completed
	View BGBuild log
	Update

Figure 13: Compile and install with BLE Update tool

The **View Build Log** opens up a dialog that shows the bgbuild compilere output and the RAM and Flash memory allocations.

i) BGBuild log	6 C M 7		 2
baudm:216 baude:11 rate:11	.5234		
UART channel:1			
baudrate :115200			
actual :115234			
error* :0.0295139			
alternate I:1			
ports. 60			
BAM Memory			
Core RAM end	@ 0x00ca8	3240	
Top of RAM	@ 0x01f00	7936	
RAM left for data	$= 0 \times 01258$	4696	
Attribute RAM	- 0x00000	0	
Connections	1 - 0x00188	392	
RAM for packet buffers	110 - 0x010c2	4290	
Flash Memory			
Core flash reserved	@ 0x18000	98304	
Top of flash	@ 0x1f800	129024	
Flash left for data	$= 0 \times 07800$	30720	
Common configuration	- 0x00040	64	
16 bit UUIDs	- 0x00010	16	
128 bit UUIDs	- 0x00020	32	
Attribute database	- 0x0003c	60	
Constant attributes data	- 0x0003a	58	
USB descriptor	- 0x000c6	198	
BGScript	- 0x001d7	471	
Flash for PS Store	14 - 0x07000	28672	
			OK
			OK

Figure 14: BLE Update build log

4.5.2 Compiling using the bgbuild.exe

The project can also be compiled with the **bgbuild.exe** command line compiler. The BGBuild compiler simply generates the firmware image file, which can be installed to the BLE112.

In order to compile the project using BGBuild:

- 1. Open Windows Command Prompt (cmd.exe)
- 2. Navigate to the directory where your project is
- 3. Execute BGbuild.exe compiler

Syntax: bgbuild.exe <project file>



Figure 15: Compiling with BGBuild.exe

If the compilation is successful a .HEX file is generated, which can be installed into a BLE112 module.

On the other hand if the compilation fails due to syntax errors in the BGScript or GATT files, and error message is printed.

4.5.3 Installing the firmware with TI's flash tool

Texas Instruments flash tool can also be used to install the firmware into the target device using the CC debugger.

In order to install the firmware with TI flash tool:

- 1. Connect CC debugger to the PC via USB
- 2. Connect the CC debugger to the debug interface on the BLE112
- 3. Press the button on CC debugger and make sure the led turns green
- 4. Start **TI flash tool** tool
- 5. Select program CCxxxx SoC or MSP430
- 6. Make sure the target device is recognized and displayed in the System-on-Chip field
- 7. Make sure Retain IEEE address.. field is checked
- 8. Select the .HEX file you want to program to the target device
- 9. Select Erase, Program and Verify
- 10. Finally press **Perform actions** and make sure the installation is successful

💠 Texas Instruments SmartRF®	Flash Programmer		X
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS	What do you want to progra Program CCxxxx SoC or MSP430 System-on-Chip MSP430	am?	
A second se	EB ID Chip type E 2814 CC2540 C Fast V	EB type EB firmware ID EB CC Debugger 05CC 00	firmware rev 32
	Flash image: C:\Users\taddeen\Dr Read IEEE Write IEEE Location Image: Image: C:\Users\taddeen\Dr Image: Write IEEE Image: Image: View Info Page View Info Page Image: Image:	esktop/ble-1.1.0-49/example/cable_replaceme ary C Secondary IEEE 0x	nt\out.ht v
	Actions C Erase C Erase and program C Erase, program and verify C Append and verify C Verify against hex-file C Read flash into hex-file	Flash lock (effective after program/append) Write protect: Block debug commands (incl. read acco NB: Cannot "Append and verify" when set	255)
- N		Perform actions	
	CC2540 - ID	02814: Verifying flash (bytewise check)	

Figure 16: TI's flash programmer tool

Note:

TI Flash tool should **NOT** be used with the Bluegiga *Bluetooth* Smart SDK v.1.1 or newer, but BLE Update tool should be used instead. The BLE112 and BLED112 devices contain a security key, which is needed for the firmware to operate and if the device is programmed with TI flash tool, this security key will be erased.

5 Testing the Heart Rate Sensor

5.1 Testing with BLEGUI

This section describes how to test the Heart Rate Sensor application with BLEGUI software.

5.1.1 Discovering the Heart Rate Sensor

As soon as the Heart Rate Sensor is powered on it starts to advertise itself. A BLED112 USB dongle can for example be used to scan for the sensor together with BLEGUI software.

Start *Generic Scan* to discover the device.

MainWindow		
Tools Commands		
GAP		
	Refresh 🛛 Bluegiga Bluetooth Low Energy (COM10) 🔹 🛛 256000 💌 Detach 🖸	onnected
Mode		
Discoverable Generic 💌	Public: 00:07:80:fa:fb:fc	
Connectable Undirected	DKBLE112 heart rate RSSI: 63 (98%) Update Connect Encrypt GATT	
Set Mode	General No_BREDR Connectable undirected Scan Rsp	
Clear Mode		
Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🜩		
Channel Map 📝 37 📝 38 📝 39		
Set Adv Parameters		
Scan		
C Limited		
Generic		
Observation		
Start		
Stop		
Scan Interval 10.00 ms 16		
Scan Window 10.00 ms 16 🚔		
Set Scan Parameters	Interval 60 💠 75.00 ms Timeout 100 💠 1000ms Latency 0 💠 Update Refresh	Clear
Log		
data:020106020a041409444b424c4531313220686 2011.11.26 16:40:04.0434 RX: 802506003f00fc 2011.11.26 16:40:04.0435 ble_evt_gap_scan_n 2011.11.26 16:40:04.0435 RX: 800a06003f04fc	556172742072617465 cfbfa800700001b020106020a041409444b424c453131322068656172742072617465 response rssi:3f packet_type: 4 sender:fcfbfa800700 address_type: 0 data: cfbfa8007000000	•
		Clear

Figure 17: Scanning with BLEGUI

5.1.2 Establishing a connection

Simply select the *DKBLE112 heart rate* device and press the **Connect** button in the BLEGUI user interface.

MainWindow	
Tools Commands	
GAP	
Mode	Refresh Bluegiga Bluetooth Low Energy (COM10)
Pierrentle Courte	
	DKBLE112 heart rate RSSI: 63 (98%) Update Disconnect Encrypt GATT
Set Mode	Connected handle:0x0
Clear Mode	
Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🚔	
Channel Map 💟 37 💟 38 💟 39	
Set Adv Parameters	
Scan	
C Limited	
Generic	
Observation	
Start	
Stop	
Scap Interval 10,00 ms	
Set Scan Parameters	Interval 60 🐳 75.00 ms Timeout 100 🜩 1000ms Latency 0 🜩 Update Refresh Clear
2011.11.26 16:40:41.0306 ble_rsp_gap_conne	ect_direct result: 0 [No Error'] connection_handle: 0
2011.11.26 16:40:41.0306 RX: 000306030000 2011.11.26 16:40:41.0782 ble_evt_connection	00 1_status connection: 0 flags: 1 address:fcfbfa800700 address_type: 0 conn_interval: 3c timeout: 64 latency: 0
2011.11.26 16:40:41.0783 RX: 800f03000001	icfbfa800700003c0064000000
	Clear

Figure 18: Establishing connection with BLEGUI

5.1.3 Making a service discovery

- 1. Press the GATT button to start GATT tool
- 2. Press Service Discover button to start a GATT primary service discovery procedure

MainWindow				_				3
Tools Commands								
SAP	Ref	resh Blue	egiga Bluetoc	th Low Ene	gy (COM10)	▼ 256000	D 👻 Detach Connected	d
Mode								
Discoverable Generic 💌	P	ublic: 00:07:8	0:fa:fb:fc					
Connectable Undirected		OKBLE 112 hear	rt rate RSSI	63	(98%) Update D	lisconnect	Encrypt GATT	
Set Mode		Connected har	ndle:0x0					
Clear Mode		GATT						
Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🚔		Handle	Group End	Uuid	Description	Raw	Clear	
Channel Map 📝 37 📝 38 📝 39		1	5	1800	Generic Access		Service Discover	
Set Adv Parameters		6	12	180a	Device Information		Characteristic Discover	
Scan		13	65535	180d	Heart Rate		Descriptors Discover	
◎ Limited							Read	
Generic							Read Long	
Observation							Write	
Start	Write Command							
Stop		•		111		•		
Scan Interval 10.00 ms 16 🚔								
Scan Window 10.00 ms 16 🚔	•				III		•	r
Set Scan Parameters	Interva	al 60 ≑ 7	5.00 ms Tim	eout 100	1000ms Latency 0	Update	Refresh Clear	ר
.og 2011.11.20 10:42:10.0001 Die_evt_attclient_0	group_ro	ouna connecua	on: o start: o	ena: c aaia	:0810			
2011.11.26 16:42:10.0501 RX: 800804020006 2011.11.26 16:42:10.0501 ble_evt_attclient_	6000c00 group_fc	020a18 ound connectio	on: 0 start: d	end:ffff uu	id:0d18			
2011.11.26 16:42:10.0501 RX: 800804020000 2011.11.26 16:42:10.0501 ble_evt_attclient_	procedur	20d 18 re_completed (connection: () result:401	[The attribute handle given w	vas not valid on	this server'] chrhandle: 0	+
2011.11.26 16:42:10.0501 RX: 80050401000	1040000						Clear	_

Figure 19: GATT service discovery

The three services defined in the GATT database are visible in the device.

5.1.4 Making a descriptors discovery

- 1. In order to discover the characteristics of the Device Information Service, select the service and press *Descriptors Discover* button
- 2. A list of service descriptors are shown

MainWindow Tools Commands			-	Cater Lond Lond	121	
SAP Mode	Refresh Blu	uegiga Bluetoo	th Low Ener	gy (COM10) 🔹	256000	Detach Connected
Discoverable Generic Connectable Undirected Set Mode Clear Mode	Public: 00:07: DKBLE112 he Connected ha	80:fa:fb:fc artrate RSSI: andle:0x0	63	(98%) Update Disconnec	t	Encrypt GATT
Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🚖	Handle	Group Enc	Uuid	Description	_	Clear
Channel Map 📝 37 📝 38 📝 39	6	12	2800	GATT Primary Service Declaration		Service Discover
Set Adv Parameters	7		2803	GATT Characteristic Declaration		Characteristic Discover
Scan	8		2a29	Manufacturer Name String	Ξ	Descriptors Discover
⊘ Limited	9		2901	Characteristic User Description		Read
Generic	10		2803	GATT Characteristic Declaration		Read Long
Observation	11		2a24	Model Number String		Write
Start	12		2901	Characteristic User Description	-	Write Command
Stop	•		III		- F	
Scan Interval 10.00 ms 16						
Scan Window 10.00 ms 16 🚔						
Set Scan Parameters						
	Interval 60 🜩	75.00 ms Time	eout 100	↓ 1000ms Latency 0 ↓ Update		Refresh Clear
bg						
2011.11.26 16:44:54.0927 ble_evt_attclient_ 2011.11.26 16:44:54.0927 RX: 800604040000 2011.11.26 16:44:54.0927 ble_evt_attclient_ 2011.11.26 16:44:54.0927 RX: 800504010000	find_information_four c00020129 procedure_completed 0000d00	nd connection: l connection: 0	0 chrhandle) result: 0 [N	:: c uuid:0129 Io Error'] chrhandle: d		
						Clear
					_	

Figure 20: GATT descriptors discovery

5.1.5 Reading a characteristics value

1. To read a characteristic value, select the characteristic you are interested in and press the **Read** button. For example the *Manufacturer Name String* has a read property, so the value can be read by a GATT client.

MainWindow				Other Description	100 C 100 C 100	anna a la sa		x
Tools Commands								
GAP		-i Black-	the Level Trans	(00110)		- 055000		
Mode		zgiga biuetoo	un Low Ene	rgy (COMID)		• 256000	Detacn Conne	ected
Discoverable Generic	-Public: 00:07:8	0:fa:fb:fc						
Connectable Undirected	DKBLE112 hear	rt rate RSSI:	63	3 (98%) Update	D	isconnect	Encrypt GATT	
Set Mode	e Connected handle:0x0							
Clear Mode	GATT							
Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🚔	Handle	Group Enc	Uuid	Description	Raw	/alue 🖍	Clear	
Channel Map 📝 37 📝 38 📝 39	6	12	2800	GATT Primary Service Declaration			Service Discover	
Set Adv Parameters	7		2803	GATT Characteristic Declaration			Characteristic Discover	
Scan	8		2a29	Manufacturer Name String	426c756567696761		Descriptors Discover	
C Limited	9		2901	Characteristic User Description		E	Read	
Generic	10		2803	GATT Characteristic Declaration			Read Long	
Observation	11		2a24	Model Number String			Write	
Start	12		2901	Characteristic User Description			Write Command	
Stop						•		
Scan Interval 10.00 ms 16								
Scan Window 10.00 ms 16 👻								
Set Scan Parameters								
	Interval 60 🚔 7	5.00 ms. Time	Pout 100	1000ms Latency 0	ate		Refresh	r
			100					
Log 2011.11.26 16:47:54.0338 ble rsp. attrient re	ead by handle conne	ction: 0 resul	It: 0 l'No Fr	rorl				
2011.11.26 16:47:54.0338 RX: 000304040000 2011.11.26 16:47:54.0558 ble_evt_attclient_a	00 ttribute_value connec	tion: 0 attha	ndle: 8 typ	e: 0 value:426c756567696761				
2011.11.26 16:47:54.0558 RX: 800d04050008	000008426c75656769	96761						
							Cl	ear
								t

Figure 21: Reading Manufacturer Name String

5.1.6 Starting notifications for HR measurement

- 1. Heart Rate Measurement characteristic has a notify property
- 2. This means the Heart Rate Sensor notifies the characteristic value changes to the Heart Rate Collector, instead of the collector having to read it constantly.
- 3. To enable notifications:
 - Perform descriptors discovery to the Heart Rate Service
 - o Write "0x01" to the Client Characteristic Configuration

The Heart Rate Sensor starts to notify the HR measurements at 1 second interval

Mode Mode Discoverable Generic Connectable Undrected Set Mode Olaar Mode Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 ° Generic Channel Map Ø 37 Ø 38 Ø 39 Set Adv Parameters Scan Limited Øbservation Start	MainWindow	and receiption	-	_		_	_	
Mode Discoverable Connectable Indirected Garr Connectable Indirected Garr Indirected	ois commands							
Mode Discoverable eneric Intervel Discoverable	>	Runging Runging	Plusteeth Lew Energy	(COM10)		_	256000	
Discoverable Generic Connectable Undirected DtBLE 112 heart rate: RSSI: 63 (98%) Update DtBLE 112 heart rate: RSSI: 63 (98%) Update Connected handle:0x0 GATT Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 C GATT Handle Group End Uuid Description Raw falue GATT Handle Group End Uuid Description Raw falue Cear Scan Limited Gatt Gatt Gatt Gatt Gatt Gatt Gatt Gat	Mode	Refresh	bidetooth Low Energy	(COM10)			236000	Detach Conn
Date Verlage Verlage Disconnect Encrypt GATT Connectable Undirected DKBLE112 heart rate RSSI: G 63 (98%) Update Disconnect Encrypt GATT Channel Map Ø 7 Ø 38 Ø 39 GATT Stat Stat Stat Stat Stat Stat Iso GATT Disconnect Description Raw Alue Clear 0 Linited Stat Stat Stat Iso GATT Primary Service Declaration Descriptors Discover 13 65535 2800 GATT Primary Service Declaration Read Read 14 2803 GATT Characteristic Declaration Read			forfe					
Connectade DKBLE112 heart rate RSSI: 63 (98%) Update Disconnect Enrypt GATT Clear Mode Connected handle:0x0 GATT Gatt Connected handle:0x0 Gatt Clear Set Adv Parameters		Public: 00.07.00.18.	10.11C					
Connected handle:0x0 GATT GATT Made Gar Connected handle:0x0 GATT GATT GAT Set Adv Parameters Scan Limited GATT Observation Clear Set Adv Parameters Scan Limited Set Adv Parameters Set Adv Para		DKBLE112 heart rat	e RSSI: 63 (9	18%) Update		Disconn	ect	Encrypt GATT
Clear Mode Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 + Channel Map @ 37 @ 38 @ 39 Set Adv Parameters Cican Limited 12 180a Device Information Clear Set Adv Parameters 6 12 180a Device Information Characteristic Discover Climited 2803 GATT Characteristic Declaration Read Read 14 2803 GATT Characteristic Declaration Read 15 2807 Characteristic User Description Write 16 2901 Characteristic Configuration Write Command 01 36 + 01 01	Set Mode	Connected handle:	0x0					
Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 Channel Map @ 37 @ 38 @ 39 Set Adv Parameters Can Limited 0 Limited 0 Servation Start 11 12 13 65535 2803 64TT Primary Service Declaration 14 15 16 2901 Characteristic Decorrigion 16 17 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration 16 01	Clear Mode	GATT						
Channel Map () 37 () 38 () 39 Set Adv Parameters Can Limited Generic Observation Start Stop Scan Linterval 10.00 ms 16 Interval 10.00 ms 16	Adv Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🚖	Handle	Group End	Uuid	Description	Raw	/alue	Clear
Set Adv Parameters 6 12 180a Device Information Characteristic Discover an 13 65535 2800 GATT Primary Service Declaration Descriptors Discover 14 2803 GATT Characteristic Declaration Read 0 bservation 15 2807 Heart Rate Measurement 0250 Read Long 15 2901 Characteristic User Description Write Write 17 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration Write Command 01 United United United United	hannel Map 📝 37 📝 38 📝 39	1	5	1800	Generic Access			Service Discover
an builted beering of the series of the seri	Set Adv Parameters	6	12	180a	Device Information			Characteristic Discover
14 2803 GATT Characteristic Declaration Read 9 Generic 15 2a37 Heart Rate Measurement 0250 Read Long 0 observation 16 2901 Characteristic User Description Write 16 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration Write Command 17 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration Write Command 01 01 Verte Command Verte Command	an	13	65535	2800	GATT Primary Service Declaration			Descriptors Discover
Seneric 0 derivation 15 2a37 Heart Rate Measurement 0250 Read Long Start 16 2901 Characteristic User Description Write Stop 17 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration Write Command 01 01 01 Volume Volume Volume) Limited	14		2803	GATT Characteristic Declaration			Read
Start 16 2901 Characteristic User Description Write Stop 17 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration Write Command can Interval 10.00 ms 16 01 United Command United Command	Generic	15		2a37	Heart Rate Measurement	0250		Read Long
Stop If 2902 Client Characteristic Configuration Write Command 01 01 01 01 01 01	Start	16		2901	Characteristic User Description			Write
can Interval 10.00 ms 16 < can Window 10.00 ms 16 🗢	Stop	17		2902	Client Characteristic Configuration			Write Command
can Window 10.00 ms 16 $\frac{1}{2}$	can Interval 10.00 ms	01						
		Interval 60 🚖 75.00	ms Timeout 100 🚖	1000ms Latency	0 🖨 Update			Refresh Clea
Interval 60 🚖 75.00 ms Timeout 100 🚖 1000ms Latency 0 💠 Update Refresh Clea								
Interval 60 🐨 75.00 ms Timeout 100 🐨 1000ms Latency 0 🐳 Update Refresh Clea	11 11 26 17:02:18 0197 bla avt atteliant a	ttilute uslue seenesties.	O attheadles fitses 1	unhun 0250				
Interval 60 🐨 75.00 ms Timeout 100 🐨 1000ms Latency 0 👻 Update Refresh Clea	11.11.26 17:02:18.0187 Die_evt_attolient_a	0001020250	o attriancie; i type; i	Value:0250				
Interval 60 75.00 ms Timeout 100 1000ms Latency 0 Update Refresh Cleater 11.11.26 17:02:18.0187 ble_evt_attclient_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 11.11.26 17:02:18.0187 RX: 80070405000700120250	11.11.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attclient_a 11.11.26 17:02:19.0162 RX: 80070405000ft	attribute_value connection: 0001020250	0 atthandle: f type: 1	L value:0250				
Interval 60 75.00 ms Timeout 100 1000ms Latency 0 Update Refresh Cleater I1.11.26 17:02:18.0187 ble_evt_attclent_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 I1.11.26 17:02:18.0187 RX: 80070-05000f0001020250 I1.11.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attclent_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 I1.11.26 I1.11.26 I1.11.26 I1.11.26 I1.11.26 I1.20:19.0162 Ble_evt_attclent_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 I1.11.26 I1.01.26 I								
Interval 60 75.00 ms Timeout 100 1000ms Latency 0 Update Refresh Clex 1.11.26 17:02:18.0187 Pk: 30070405000f0001020250 111.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attClent_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 1.11.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attClent_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 1.11.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attClent_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250								C
Interval 60 75.00 ms Timeout 100 1000ms Latency 0 Update Refresh Cleater 1.11.26 17:02:18.0187 ble_evt_attclient_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 1.11.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attclient_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 1.11.26 17:02:19.0162 ble_evt_attclient_attribute_value connection: 0 atthandle: f type: 1 value:0250 1.11.26 17:02:19.0162 RX: 80070405000f000 1020250								

Figure 22: Enabling HR measurement notifications

5.1.7 Terminating the connection

To terminate the connection:

1. Press the **Disconnect** button

The Heart Rate Sensor restarts the advertisement procedure for the next 60 seconds, until it stops advertisements and goes to Power Mode 3.

After 60 seconds you need to reset the device to restart the advertisements.

ainWindow			Same 1	and Long Long 1	and the second second		
Commands							
de	Refresh Bluegiga	Bluetooth Low Energy	(COM10)		•	256000	 Detach Con
	Dublic: 00.07.00.6-	G- 16-					
	Public: 00:07:80:1a:	ID:IC					
	DKBLE112 heart rate	≥ RSSI: 63 (9	98%) Update		Conne	ect	Encrypt GATT
Set Mode	GATT	n: 0x216					
Clear Mode							
/ Interval 1000.00 ms 1600 🚖	Handle	Group End	Uuid	Description	Raw	/alue	Clear
nnel Map 🔽 37 🔽 38 🔽 39	1	5	1800	Generic Access			Service Discover
Set Adv Parameters	6	12	180a	Device Information			Characteristic Discover
	13	65535	2800	GATT Primary Service Declaration			Descriptors Discover
Limited	14		2803	GATT Characteristic Declaration			Read
Generic	15		2a37	Heart Rate Measurement	0250		Read Long
Observation	16		2901	Characteristic User Description			Write
Start	17		2902	Client Characteristic Configuration			Write Command
Stop			2502	chent entracteristic configuration			
n Interval 10.00 ms 16 🚔	01						
an Window 10.00 ms 16 🚔							
Set Scan Parameters							
I	Interval 60 🚔 75.00	ms Timeout 100 ≑	1000ms Latency	0 🗣 Update			Refresh Cle
11 26 17:05:02 0802 bla ran connection	disconnect connections 0	regults 0 [No Error]					
11.26 17:05:03.0802 ble_rsp_connection_ 11.26 17:05:03.0802 RX: 0003030000000	disconnected connection. 0	O reason 216 Discal	device terminated t	he connection 7			
11.26 17:05:03.0867 RX: 8003030400160	laisconnected connection: 12	0 reason: 210 [Locar	device terminated t	ne connection. J			

Figure 23: Terminating the connection

6 Debugging Heart Rate sensor code

Debugging BGScript is easiest achieved over the USB interface. You can add debug prints to the BGScript code and then monitor them via the USB interface for example with terminal software.

The enable debugging a few modifications are needed.

First you need to enable USB interface and give the access to it to BGScript. This can be done with the following modifications to the *hardware.xml* file.

Figure 24: Hardware configuration with USB enabled and access give to BGScript

To print the actual debug messages modifications to the BGScript code is needed. The debug messages are printed to USB with **system_endpoint_tx(...)** command and a few examples are shown below.

```
# System start/boot listener
event system_boot(major,minor,patch,build,ll_version,protocol,hw)
    call system endpoint tx(3, 5, "BOOT\n")
    # Device is not connected vet
    connected = 0
    # Set advertisement interval to 20 to 30ms. Use all advertisement channels
    call gap_set_adv_parameters(32,48,7)
    # Start advertisement (generic discoverable, undirected connectable)
   call gap set mode(2,2)
    # Start single shot timer with 30 second interval. Handle ID 1
    # 1 second = $8000 (32.768kHz crystal)
   call hardware_set_soft_timer($F0000, 1, 1)
end
# Timer event(s) listener
event hardware soft timer(handle)
    # 30 second timer expired
    if handle = 1 then
        call system_endpoint_tx(3, 10, "TIMER 30s\n")
        # No connection
        if connected = 0 then
            # Stop advertisement
            call gap_set_mode(0, 0)
```

Figure 25: BGscript code with debug prints

call system_endpoint_tx(3,5,"BOOT\n") prints the actual debug messages. 3 refers to endpoint USB, 5 means that 5 bytes are written. "BOOT\n" is the actual message.

NOTE:

The **"BOOT\n"** message is actually never received by a terminal software when USB interface is used, because the operating system enumerates the USB when the message is being printed. Other messages will however be visible. If UART interface is used, the also the **"BOOT\n"** message can also be received.

Monitoring debug messages can be done with a standard terminal software.



Figure 26: Monitoring debug messages

7 Appendixes

7.1 Bluegiga's Bluetooth 4.0 single mode stack suite

Bluegiga's *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack suite provides a complete development framework for *Bluetooth* low energy application implementers.

The *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack suite framework supports two architectural modes:

- All software including: *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack, profiles and end user application all run on the Bluegiga's *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode hardware
- The *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack and profiles run on the Bluegiga 4.0 single mode hardware but the end user application runs on a separate host (a micro controller for example)

The benefits of the development suite in either of the use cases is that it provides a complete *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack so that no *Bluetooth* development is required, a well-defined transport protocol exists between the host and the *Bluetooth* hardware and also simple development tools are available for embedding the end user applications on the *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode hardware.

The *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode development suite consists of several components:

- A *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack
- Binary based communication protocol (called BGAPI) between the host and the *Bluetooth* stack
- A C library (called BGLib) for the host that implements the BGAPI protocol
- BGScript[™] scripting language and interpreter for implementing applications on the *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode hardware
- A Profile Toolkit for quick and easy development of GATT based Bluetooth services

7.2 *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack

The *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack is a full, embedded implementation of *Bluetooth* v.4.0 compatible stack software and it's dedicated for Bluegiga's *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode modules. The stack implements all mandatory functionality for a single mode device. The structure and layers of the stack are illustrated in the figure below.



Figure 27: *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack

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7.3 BGAPI protocol

For applications where a separate host is used to implement the end user application, a transport protocol is needed between the host and the *Bluetooth* stack. The transport protocol is used to communicate with the *Bluetooth* stack as well to transmit and receive data packets. his protocol is called BGAPI and it's a binary based communication protocol designed specifically for ease of implementation within host devices with limited resources.

The BGAPI provides access to the following layers:

- **Generic Access Profile** GAP allows the management of discoverability and connetability modes and open connections
- Security manager Provides access the *Bluetooth* low energy security functions
- Attribute database An class to access the local attribute database
- Attribute client Provides an interface to discover, read and write remote attributes
- Connection Provides an interface to manage Bluetooth low energy connections
- **Hardware** An interface to access the various hardware layers such as timers, ADC and other hardware interfaces
- **Persistent Store** User to access the parameters of the radio hardware and read/write data to non-volatile memory
- System Various system functions, such as querying the hardware status or reset it

The BGAPI protocol is intended to be used with:

- a serial UART link or
- a USB connection

7.4 BGLib library

For easy implementation of BGAPI protocol an ANSI C host library is available. The library is easily portable ANSI C code delivered within the *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode energy development suite. The purpose is to simplify the application development to various host environments.



Figure 28: BGLib host library

7.5 BGScript[™] scripting language

Bluegiga's *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode energy products allow application developers to create standalone devices without the need of a separate host. The *Bluetooth* low energy modules can run simple applications along the *Bluetooth* 4.0 single mode stack and this provides a benefit when one needs to minimize the end product size, cost and current consumption. For developing standalone *Bluetooth* low energy applications the development suite provides a simple BGScript scripting language. With BGScript provides access to the same software and hardware interfaces as the BGAPI protocol. The BGScript code can be developed and compiled with free tools provided by Bluegiga.



Figure 29: BGScript application model

BGScript code example:



7.6 Profile toolkit

The *Bluetooth* low energy profile toolkit a simple set of tools, which can used to create GATT based *Bluetooth* services. The profile toolkit consists of a simple XML based service description language template, which describes the devices local GATT database as a set of services. The profile toolkit also contains a compiler, which converts the XML to binary format and generates API to access the characteristic values.



Figure 30: A profile toolkit example of GAP service

7.7 External resources

- Bluetooth 4.0 software development kit is available at : <u>http://techforum.bluegiga.com</u>
- BLE112 and DKBLE112 hardware documentation is available at : <u>http://techforum.bluegiga.com</u>
- Heart Rate Profile can be downloaded from: Heart Rate Profile
- Bluetooth SIG's developer portal: <u>https://developer.Bluetooth.org/</u>

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